# Weekly Operational Constraints Update

Applicable from 24 May to 30 May 2021 (Week 21)

28 May 2021 Rev 1

#### **Disclaimer**

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#### **Explanatory Notes**

- The purpose of this Weekly Operational Constraints Update is to provide information on any forecasted significant network congestion or other issues that could potentially restrict dispatchable generation in a particular area or to flag if dispatchable generation is required in a particular area. These constraints are in addition to those presented in the monthly Operational Constraints Update document which should be read in conjunction with this document.
- In the analysis, a suite of N-1 contingencies are applied to the base case powerflow, and
  the resulting flows and voltages are compared against the Operational Security
  Standards. The N-1 contingencies include the tripping of each item of transmission plant
  and each generator transformer. Groups of generators / demand / wind etc. can be
  scaled up or down to determine a secure region of operation (known as transfer analysis
  or transaction analysis).
- The cases incorporate the latest generation and transmission outage information at the time of the study. This information is published on the EirGrid and SONI websites.
- Typically, from a dispatchable generation perspective the worst thermal constraints occur at peak system demand, and therefore only peak system demand scenarios are studied using transfer analysis. If required, other studies are performed, such as system demand valley where high voltages may be an issue.
- The wind levels in the various scenarios assume a flat profile across Ireland or Northern Ireland. We do not test Ireland wind levels above 2000 MW as, typically above these levels, constraints on dispatchable generation are not as binding due to the availability of the wind generation.
- The binding constraints on the flow on the North-South Tie Line from a thermal and voltage perspective tend to be due to thermal constraints on the Ireland side, save for specific Northern Ireland outages. This is why the Inter-Area Flow (North-South Tie Line Flow) Constraints Forecast below is only studied against Ireland wind generation.
- There may be other reasons, apart from voltage and thermal limits that lead to constraints, such as frequency, transient stability and adverse weather conditions. These are usually observed and dealt with close to real-time.
- Moyle Interconnector is limited to 250 MW export due to constraints on the Scotland side. National Grid plc performs daily studies to ascertain if and to what extent this can be increased. Please note that the figures below in relation to interconnectors pertain to the Ireland/Northern Ireland side only.
- Should any of the study assumptions materially change during the week, due to a forced outage for example, we will endeavour to perform new studies and publish results on the next working day.

### **Study Assumptions**

#### **Generator and Transmission Outages**

Generator and transmission plant outages as per published here:

All-Island Generator Outages - Under REMIT Publications

<u>Ireland Transmission Outages</u>

Northern Ireland Transmission Outages

#### **Demand**

All studies are performed at Weekday Peak System Demand unless otherwise stated

| Jurisdiction     | Weekday Peak System<br>Demand (MW) | Weekend Peak System<br>Demand (MW) |
|------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Ireland          | 4200                               | 3900                               |
| Northern Ireland | 1100                               | 950                                |

#### **Initial Interconnector and Tie Line Flows**

|                           | Flow (MW)  |
|---------------------------|--|
| EWIC                      | At zero wind 250 MW Import (GB to IE) At 2000 MW wind 200 MW Export (IE to GB) |
| Moyle                     | N/A  |
| North–South Tie Line Flow | 0 MW Northern Ireland to Ireland / Ireland to Northern Ireland                 |

#### **Constraints**

The forecast constraints below are at Weekday Peak System Demand.

## South Generation Constraints Forecast (TCG Type: MW; Limit Type B) as per Operational Constraints Update

| Ireland Wind Generation<br>(MW) | Minimum South Generation (MW) | Maximum South Generation (MW) |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 0                               | 250                           | 710                           |
| 1000                            | 0                             | 735                           |
| 2000                            | 0                             | 560                           |

# Cork Generation Constraints Forecast (TCG Type: MW; Limit Type B) as per Operational Constraints Update

| Ireland Wind Generation<br>(MW) | Minimum Cork Generation (MW) | Maximum Cork Generation (MW) |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 0                               | 0                            | 270                          |
| 1000                            | 0                            | 270                          |
| 2000                            | 0                            | 270                          |

#### **Inter-Area Flow (North-South Tie Line Flow) Constraints Forecast**

| Ireland Wind Generation<br>(MW) | Maximum Northern Ireland to Ireland flow (MW) | Maximum Ireland to<br>Northern Ireland flow (MW) |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| 0                               | 450   | 150  |
| 1000                            | 450   | 400  |
| 2000                            | 450   | 400  |

| Ireland Wind | Maximum EWIC | Maximum EWIC | Maximum      | Maximum Moyle |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| Generation   | Import (MW)* | Export (MW)* | Moyle Import | Export (MW)*  |

| (MW) |     |     | (MW)* |     |
|------|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| 0    | 500 | 530 | 442   | 400 |
| 1000 | 500 | 530 | 442   | 400 |
| 2000 | 500 | 530 | 442   | 400 |

<sup>\*</sup> Values pertain to the Ireland/Northern Ireland side of the interconnectors only

## Coolkeeragh C30 Running

| Northern Ireland<br>Wind Generation<br>(MW) | Northern Ireland Demand (MW) above which C30 must be running with GT8 off | Northern Ireland Demand (MW) above which C30 must be running with GT8 operating as a synchronous compensator | Northern Ireland Demand (MW) above which C30 must be running with GT8 operating as a generator |
|---|---|--|--|
| 0   | 1550  | 1608   | Not required   |
| 450   | Not required  | Not required   | Not required   |
| 900   | Not required  | Not required   | Not required   |

#### **Other Constraints/Notes/Risks**

Should market participants identify operational risks related to COVID-19 they should inform the TSO as soon as possible via their normal point of contact. Should this instigate a significant change to scheduling and dispatch the TSOs will update this weekly constraints document to reflect this in a revised publication as soon as possible.

| Jurisdiction               | Constraint/Note   | Reason   |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| Ireland / Northern Ireland | Summer transmission ratings are in place.   | Seasonal.  |
| Ireland / Northern Ireland | EirGrid and SONI will, subject<br>to system conditions, provide<br>additional notice of intended<br>unit synchronisation and<br>desynchronisation decisions to<br>facility operators in order to<br>accommodate their amended<br>operational practices. | COVID-19 has resulted in restrictions in working arrangements at some generation facilities.   |
| Ireland / Northern Ireland | Update to System Wide Transmission Constraint Group:  Operational Limit for Rate of Change of Frequency (S_RoCoF)  Limit Type: X:<= Limit: 1 Hz/s   | Continued trialling of an increased system limit for the Rate of Change of Frequency (RoCoF).  System conditions permitting, the RoCoF limit will be 1.0 Hz/s. |
| Northern Ireland           | Kilroot Unit KPS1 must run due to system security   | Security of Supply   |
| Ireland                    | The following units are must run for security of supply: MP1, MP2, TB3.   | Security of Supply.  |
| Ireland / Northern Ireland | Update to System Wide<br>Transmission Constraint<br>Group:  | Trialling of 75% SNSP limit commences 22 <sup>nd</sup> April 2021.   |
|                            | Operational Limit for Non-  |  |

| Synchronous Generation |
|------------------------|
| (S_SNSP_TOT)           |

Limit X<=75%