I-SEM Training SEMO (CM & IMB) Query Management

October 2017



Part 1: SEMO Query Management under the Trading & Settlement Code



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Modules

<u>Part 1</u>: SEMO Query Management under the <u>Trading & Settlement Code</u>

Learning Objectives

Topic 1: Introduction to formal Query Management

Topic 2: What can be queried and where can I find it?

Topic 3: Timelines and process for submitting a Settlement Query

Topic 4: Timelines for resolving a Settlement Query

Topic 5: Course Summary



Learning Objectives

- By the end of this training session you should understand with respect to the Trading &
 Settlement Code:
 - What you can query
 - The timelines and process for submitting a Settlement Query
 - The timelines and process for responding by the MO
 - What actions can be taken when a Settlement Query is resolved



Topic 1: Introduction to formal Query Management



Introduction to formal Query Management

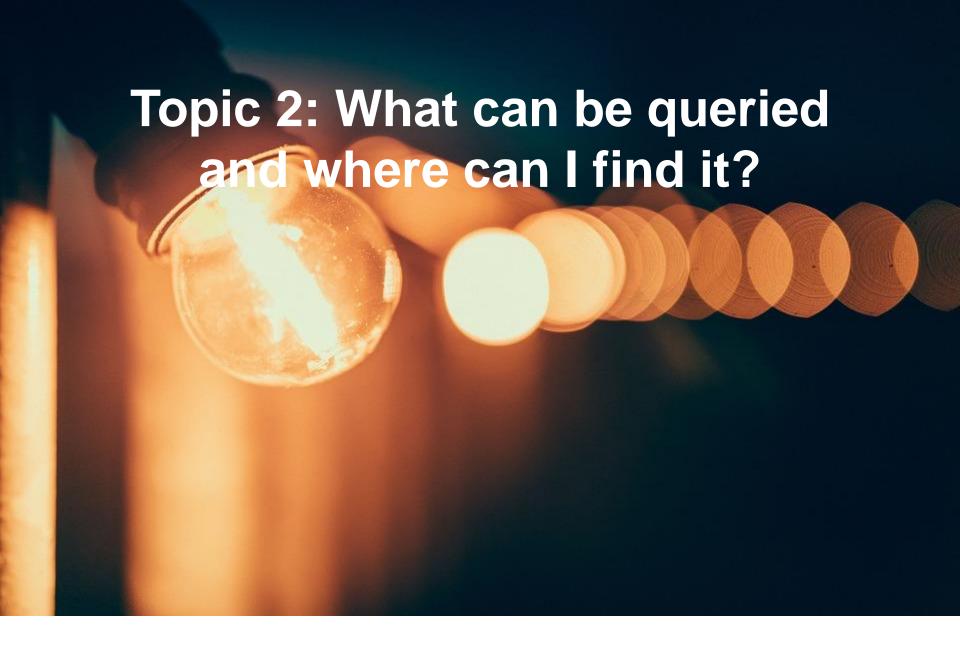
- Formal Queries are queries that are defined under the Trading & Settlement Code.
- The Code framework sets obligations around these such as timelines for resolution and a Participant's right to formally dispute the findings.
- Submission of formal Queries must follow steps set out in the relevant Agreed Procedure documents.
- These are different from general queries or data requests submitted to the market helpdesk which are subject to service level agreements.
- Under the old arrangements in Part A of the Code, participants could submit Data Queries,
 Settlement Queries and Credit Cover Queries.
- Under the new arrangements in Part B of the Code, only Settlement Queries remain.



Introduction to formal Query Management

- Data Queries under Part A are specifically related to the data inputs that feed the Market
 Scheduling & Pricing software and set the ex-post System Marginal Price under Part A.
- Due to the fundamental changes in the design of the SEM, Data Queries are no longer relevant as recalculation of prices cannot be triggered through a query. The calculation of the Imbalance Price and Imbalance Settlement Price can be challenged through a **Pricing Dispute**.
- Credit Cover Queries under Part A relate to the calculation of Credit Cover Requirements for Participants with Interconnector Units.
- This was to facilitate a fast resolution in the event that an error in the calculation caused a Participant's offers to be curtailed.
- The removal of Interconnector Units from the SEM design has meant that this facility is no longer required.







- Settlement Queries are raised by a Participant where they believe settlement results may have been calculated incorrectly due to the incorrect application of input data.
- Data that can be subject to query can be derived from different sources as shown in the table on the next slide.
- A Settlement Query can be in relation to the application or the calculation of one of the following data items.
- How this applies depends on the data item being queried; for example, Physical
 Notifications (PN) are calculated by Participants and submitted to the TSO; therefore, a

 Participant can only query the application of their PN in subsequent calculations but not their own calculation.



Data	Source
Physical Notifications	Submitted by Participant
Accepted Bid Offer Quantities	Determined by the MO
Accepted Bid Offer Prices	Calculated by Market Operator
Day-ahead Trade Quantities	Submitted by SEM NEMO
Intraday Trade Quantities	Submitted by SEM NEMO
Metered Generation / Demand	Submitted by Meter Data Providers
Dispatch Quantities	Calculated by the MO
The application of Imbalance Prices	Used by MO in determining Imbalance Settlement Price
The application of Imbalance Settlement Prices	Used by MO in settlement calculations
The application of Market Back Up Prices	Used by MO in determining Imbalance Settlement Price
Curtailment Prices	Calculated by the MO
Availabilities	Submitted by the TSOs
Fixed Cost Payments or Charges	Calculated by the MO
Capacity Payments or Charges	Calculated by the MO



- Note that only the application of the Imbalance Settlement Price can be subject to a
 Settlement Query and not the calculation of the Imbalance Settlement Price (and other
 inputs such as the Imbalance Price and the Market Backup Prices).
- The intent of this is to provide price certainty to Participants with no query option to reopen the ex-post prices after the fact.
- This should provide certainty and a clearer price signal to Participants.
- The new market rules do provide for a **Pricing Dispute** in the event that a Participant believes there has been a manifest error in the calculation of the prices.
- This will be dealt with in the presentation on Disputes.



- All the items listed feed into the calculations of a participant's Trading Payments and Charges.
- As such, if a Participant detects an issue with the Market Operator's calculation, they should review and advise what data input they believe has been applied incorrectly.
- Separately, a Participant can raise a query directly on their Capacity Payments and Charges based on the results alone.
- Fixed Costs Payments and Charges can also be directly queried. This is the settlement
 amount calculated to ensure recovery of fixed costs (start up or no-load costs) across a
 Billing Period.



Where to check for items to query?

Data	Source
Physical Notifications	REPT_052: Physical Notifications / REPT_089: Final Physical Notifications
Accepted Bid Offer Quantities	REPT_044: Settlement Report
Accepted Bid Offer Prices	REPT_044: Settlement Report
Day-ahead Trade Quantities	REPT_044: Settlement Report
Intraday Trade Quantities	REPT_044: Settlement Report
Metered Generation / Demand	REPT_044: Settlement Report
Dispatch Quantities	REPT_068: Dispatch Quantity / REPT_044: Settlement Report
The application of Imbalance Prices	REPT_008: Imbalance Price Report
The application of Imbalance Settlement Prices	REPT_009: Imbalance Price Report / REPT_044: Settlement Report
The application of Market Back Up Prices	REPT_008: Imbalance Price Report
Curtailment Prices	REPT_043: Settlement Report
Availabilities	REPT_082: Average Outturn Availability
Fixed Cost Payments or Charges	REPT_043: Settlement Statement
Capacity Payments or Charges	REPT_043: Settlement Statement



Topic 3: Timelines and process for submitting a Settlement Query



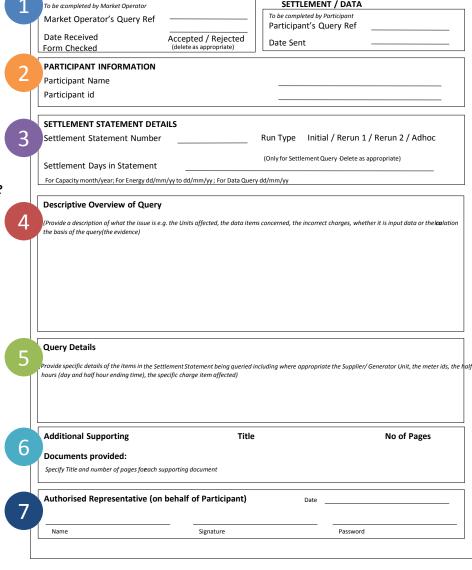
Timelines and process for submission

- A Settlement Query for data in a period can be submitted at any time after the publication of indicative Settlement Statements relevant to that period **up to 20 working days after the publication of the last Settlement Statements** relevant to that period (i.e., for the M+13 settlement re-run or any additional ad-hoc run that has taken place afterwards).
- Formal Queries must be submitted using the form to be made available on the SEMO website.
- This will follow the format used under Part A (set out in the relevant Agreed Procedure) of the TSC.
- Submissions are accepted by e-mail or Fax.



Timelines and process for submission

- Participant must include:
 - Date submitted,
 - Participant details,
 - Settlement Statement details (dates, references number),
 - Description of the Query (i.e., Imbalance Component not calculated correctly),
 - Query Details (i.e., set out specifics to identify which component of the calculation was applied incorrectly),
 - Additional supporting documents,
 - Signed by appropriate Authorised Representative.



Type of Query

SETTLEMENT / DATA

SETTLEMENT / DATA QUERY FORM



Timelines and process for submission

- On "Additional Supporting Documents", these are not required but can prove extremely helpful in a speedy resolution of your Query.
- The more data provided to the Market Operator, the quicker the issue can be identified and resolved.
- Additional Supporting Documents could be system screenshots, shadow settlement calculations in spreadsheets, word documents, etc.
- Once all relevant sections have been completed, the Market Operator will log and acknowledge the Query within 1 working day.
- Where the submission is incomplete, this will be rejected by the Market Operator.
- Rejected queries may be resubmitted as appropriate once the reasons for rejection have been addressed.







Timelines for resolving a Settlement Query

- The Market Operator has a period of 20 Working Days to investigate and resolve Settlement Queries.
- Note that where a query involves data provided to the Market Operator by an External Data
 Providers (e.g., Meter Data Providers, SEM NEMOs, etc.), the Market Operator will need to
 liaise with these external parties during the 20 Working Day period.
- This can lead to circumstances where it may not appear possible to resolve the query within the allowed timelines.
- In these cases, the Market Operator will request from the submitting Participant an extension
 of no more than 10 Working days to the timeline to resolve the query.
- The Participant should respond to this within 1 Working Day.



Timelines for resolving a Settlement Query

- During the query resolution period:
 - The MO will request confirmation of inputs from External Data Providers as required.
 - The MO will review the data inputs to the relevant settlement calculations.
 - This is to confirm whether any clear errors can be identified in the input data (or if an External
 Data Provider has confirmed an issue with their data submission).
 - The MO may complete an offline recalculation of the relevant calculations making use of spreadsheets and other tools.
 - The MO will then assess the results of the offline calculation. This will confirm whether the
 Settlement Query should be **upheld** (assessment has identified that original calculations were
 not correct) or not (original calculations are confirmed as correct).
 - Where the Settlement Query is not upheld, the submitting Participant is notified of the outcome. Supporting documentation, such as the offline recalculations, may also be provided.

Contd.



Timelines for resolving a Settlement Query

- During the query resolution period:
 - Where the Settlement Query is upheld, the MO will assess the materiality of the error applying the Settlement Recalculation Threshold and the materiality.
 - The Settlement Recalculation Threshold is set at €15,000 for the go-live of the I-SEM and applies to either a Settlement Statement or Settlement Document.
 - This is an **annually** set **parameter** and can be updated as part of the **annual parameters** consultation process.
 - The Materiality Threshold is set at €50,000 for a single Settlement Statement (e.g., daily).
 - This is a value determined in the Trading & Settlement Code and changeable by modification only.
 - Both values are used in assessing if and when a settlement rerun is done.



Assessing the results of an upheld Query

- Where the difference arising from an upheld Settlement Query **is less than** the Settlement Recalculation Threshold, settlement **is not** recalculated.
- Where there are still timetabled Settlement Reruns to be executed, settlement recalculations will be carried
 out as part of these and amounts relating to upheld queries will be updated.
- If there are no timetabled Settlement Reruns, there will be **no ad-hoc Settlement Rerun** scheduled in this circumstance.
- Where the difference arising from an upheld Settlement Query **is greater than** the Settlement Recalculation Threshold, settlement **is** recalculated.
- Where the difference arising from an upheld Settlement Query is greater than the Settlement Recalculation
 Threshold but less than the Materiality Threshold, this is amended in the next timetabled Settlement

 Rerun or in a new ad-hoc Settlement Rerun if there are no more timetabled runs scheduled.
- Where the difference arising from an upheld Settlement Query is greater than the Settlement Recalculation
 Threshold and greater than the Materiality Threshold, an ad-hoc Settlement Rerun is scheduled to address
 the issue.



Actions where a Settlement Query is upheld

- The submitting Participant will be notified when a Settlement Query is upheld. This
 notification will provide details of the error and may include supporting documentation
 from the MO supporting its assessment of the Query's materiality against the Settlement
 Recalculation Threshold and the Materiality Threshold.
- The Participant will be advised as part of this process whether the settlement calculations are to be updated as part of a timetabled Settlement Rerun or an ad-hoc Settlement Rerun.
- All Participants and External Data Providers are advised when an ad-hoc Settlement Rerun is added to the schedule.
- This must be completed within 20 working days of either the submission of revised data from External Data Providers (as applicable) or the MO resolution of the Settlement Query (if no revised external data is required).



Where a Settlement Query becomes a Dispute

- There are three points at which a Settlement Query can become a dispute.
- Each of these relate to the resolution of the query by the MO.
 - If the MO fails to provide a response to the submitting Participant according to the timelines in the Code; e.g., by 20 working days (or 30 working days in an extension was requested and granted by the submitting Participant).
 - If the query is not upheld and the submitting Participant does not accept the MO's findings.
 - If the query was upheld but the submitting Participant does not accept the MO's assessment of the materiality of the issue.
- Within **5 working days**, the submitting Participant **must** submit a **notice of Dispute** to trigger a **Settlement Dispute**. The issue is then addressed under the Dispute process.







Review of Learning Objectives

As a result of completing part 1 of this course, you should now understand:

What you can query

The timelines and process for submitting a Settlement Query

The timelines and process for responding by the MO

What actions can be taken when a Settlement Query is resolved















Modules

Part 2: SEMO Query Management under the Capacity Market Code

Topic 1: Introduction to CMC process

Topic 2: Timeline and process for submitting a query

Topic 3: Course Summary



Learning Objectives

- By the end of this training session you should understand with respect to the Capacity Market Code:
 - What you can query
 - The timelines and process for submission
 - The timelines and process for responding by the TSO
 - Further action post resolution of a submission







Introduction to formal Query Management

- The process under the **Capacity Market Code** (CMC) is different from that outlined for the Trading & Settlement Code.
- The CMC does not envisage a formal query process in the same manner as that set out in the
 Trading & Settlement Code due to the nature of the issues being covered.
- The TSC deals mostly with ex-post settlement and items that may be recalculated up to thirteen months after the original delivery date.
- The CMC deals with ex-ante processes that happen in advance of delivery, i.e. pre-auction events such as **qualification**.
- The timelines that support the CMC processes drive a stricter process and do not provide for the long ex-post timelines (e.g., post M+13) that settlement can support.



Topic 2: Timeline and process for submitting a query



- There are no formal "Queries" under the CMC but Participants can request review of certain decisions of the TSOs.
- This is limited to the Provisional SO Qualification Decisions only.
- In advance of a Capacity auction, Participants are required to submit an Application for Qualification to the TSOs.
- This process has been detailed in the Capacity Market training presentations.
- The timing of events is defined by the **Capacity Auction Timetable** which is published in advance of each Capacity Auction.
- This will identify Prescribed Timeframes for each action that takes place in the query / review process.



- SO Qualification Decisions in respect of a Capacity Market Unit include:
 - Its identity.
 - Whether or not it is clean (used only in auction tie-breaking).
 - the Firm Offer Requirement (as applicable).
 - The Awarded Capacity it holds already for the Capacity Year.
 - Details of Initial Capacity, Gross De-Rated Capacity, Awarded Capacity held already, and Net De-Rated Capacity in respect of Existing and New Capacity.
- For each Candidate Unit comprising the Capacity Market Unit:
 - Similar information to that above which was used to derive the data for the Capacity Market Unit
 (though not Awarded Capacity as this is only awarded to Capacity Market Units.
 - Whether the Alternative Qualification Process was applied and details of any changed data used.
 - The Autoproducer Offer Price Cap Breakpoint (where applicable).
 - A curve called the Existing Capacity Offer Price Cap Curve, which describes the price cap at different points of existing capacity (but not Unit Specific Price Cap data).



- Where a Participant disagrees with Provisional SO Qualification Decisions, they can submit an Application for Review to the System Operators.
- This should set out:
 - a) a concise statement identifying the Reviewable Decision concerned;
 - b) a concise statement of the reasons, explaining how the Participant believes the System Operators have not followed the process under the Code in making the Reviewable Decision; and
 - c) a copy of any relevant documents which the Participant believes support its position
- This must be submitted within the Prescribed Timeframe of being notified of the Reviewable Decision.
- Each Prescribed Timeframe is documented in the applicable Capacity Auction Timetable.



- An Application for Review can be rejected by the System Operator where it does not fulfil
 the previous requirements.
- A rejection by the SO must be notified within a further **Prescribed Timeframe**.
- The SO can request further information from the submitting Participant which must be provided for according to a further **Prescribed Timeframe**.
- Once all data has been received, the SO will reconsider the initial decision and notify the submitting Participant of the results of this process within a further **Prescribed Timeframe**.
- Where the outcome is to reject the Application for Review, the submitting Participant can submit a notice of a Qualification Dispute.
- This is then managed under the Capacity Market Disputes process.



- As noted, the exact Prescribed Timeframe is documented in the applicable Capacity Auction
 Timetable. However, indicative timeframes are proposed by the CMC.
- The indicative timelines are as follows:
 - An Application for Review should be submitted 2 working days after the decision has
 been notified.
 - Rejection by the SO should be 2 working days after submission.
 - Submission of additional information by the Participant to the SO should be 2 working days after request from SO.
 - SO must notify the outcome of its review 5 working days after either submission of
 Application for Review (or after submission of additional information if requested).
 - Any dispute must be raised 3 working days after notification of outcome of the review.







Review of Learning Objectives

As a result of completing part 2 of this course, you should now understand:

What you can query

The process for submission

The process for responding by the TSO

Further action post resolution of a submission









